ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804

Owner of the Declaration	TESA ASSA ABLOY
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Publisher	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Declaration number	EPD-ASA-20150163-IBA1-EN
Issue date	10.06.2015
Valid to	09.06.2020

Access control systems – SMARTair Updater/Controller TESA ASSA ABLOY



www.bau-umwelt.com / https://epd-online.com



General Information

TESA ASSA ABLOY

Programme holder

IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin Germany

Declaration number

EPD-ASA-20150163-IBA1-EN

This Declaration is based on the Product **Category Rules:**

IBU: PCR Electronic Access Control Systems, 11-2013 (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee (SVA))

Issue date 10.06.2015

Valid to

09.06.2020

Nermanes

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer

(President of Institut Bauen und Úmwelt e.V.)

Dr.-Ing. Burkhart Lehmann (Managing Director IBU)

Product

2.1 Product description

The SMARTair Updater/Controller, produced by TESA, an ASSA ABLOY Group brand, is a device that communicates with a personalized credential via RF technology. It collects identity information from the credential and passes it along to a secured control unit. It is capable of communications using a high frequency RF signal and able to communicate with several credential formats. Supported credential formats:

- iCLASS SE (Cards/Tags/Fobs)
- SE for DESFire EV1 (Cards/Tags/Fobs)
- SE for MIFARE Classic (Cards/Tags/Fobs)
- NFC compatible
- ISO/IEC 15693

2.2 Application

The SMARTair Updater/Controller is suitable for indoor and outdoor use, where ID authentication is required. Common applications include: Commercial buildings, Industrial buildings, Government buildings, Military installations, Education establishments, Healthcare

SMARTair Updater/Controller

Owner of the Declaration

TESA ASSA ABLOY Bº Ventas, 35 20305 Irun, Gipuzkoa SPAIN

Declared product / Declared unit

This Declaration represents 1 piece of SMARTair Updater/Controller

Scope:

This declaration and its LCA study are relevant to SMARTair Updater/Controller

Main primary manufacturing processes are made by external suppliers and the final manufacturing processes and assembly occur at our manufacturing factory in TESA, Spain. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Verification

The CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025 internally х externally Dr. Wolfram Trinius

(Independent verifier appointed by SVA

buildings.

2.3 **Technical Data**

The table presents the technical properties of SMARTair Updater/Controller:

Technical data

Name	Value	Unit
Power supply	100-240	V
Current Requirements	1	A
Operating Temperature	-10 to 80	°C
Operating Humidity	up to 85	%
Power consumption (standby)	10	mW
Peak Power Draw (During read)	1,2	W

Placing on the market / Application rules 2.4

EMC Directive 2004/108/CE LV Directive 2006/95/CE R&TTE Directive 1999/05/CE ROHS Directive 2011/65/CE

IP 54 Certified



2.5 Delivery status

Each Updater/Controller unit is delivered individually packaged with mounting hardware, and gasket. Packing dimensions: 220mm x 300mm x 50mm

2.6 Base materials / Ancillary materials

The average composition of the SMARTair Updater/Controller is as following:

Component	Percentage in mass (%)
Brass	0.05
Plastics	2.49
Steel	59.72
Electronic	4.29
Electro mechanics	33.45
Total	100.0

2.7 Manufacture

The SMARTair Updater/Controller is assembled at the production facility at TESA, Irun. The electronics are produced in China and the mechanics in Spain. The components come from processes like stamped steel, turning, zinc and steel casting.

The factory of TESA has a certification of Quality Management system in accordance with /ISO 9001:1994/.

2.8 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY is committed to producing and distributing door opening solutions with minimal environmental impact, where health & safety is the primary focus for all employees and associates. • Environmental operations, GHG, energy, water, waste, VOC, surface treatment and H&S are being routinely monitored. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and environmental management program effectiveness is evaluated.

• Code of Conduct covers human rights, labor practices and decent work. Management of ASSA ABLOY is aware of their environmental roles and responsibilities, providing appropriate training, supporting accountability and recognizing outstanding performance.

The factory of TESA has certification of

Environmental Management to /ISO 14001:1999/. • Any waste metals during machining are separated and recycled. The waste from the water-based painting process is delivered to waste treatment plant.

2.9 Product processing/Installation

SMARTair Updater/Controller is installed by trained product integrators or by the product end user. Installation instructions are included with each unit.

2.10 Packaging

The device is packed in a carton box with foam spacers to avoid damage. Also included in the packaging are paper installation instructions, the gasket, and a plastic bag containing the connectors and mounting hardware. Packaging materials shall be collected separately for recycling.

Material	Value (%)
Cardboard/paper	6.35
Plastic	93.65
Total	100.0

2.11 Condition of use

No auxiliary or consumable materials are incurred for maintenance and usage of the reader. Repairs or replacement are not usually necessary. No cleaning efforts need to be taken into consideration.

2.12 Environment and health during use

There are no interactions between products, the environment and health.

2.13 Reference service life

15 years depending on cycle frequency

2.14 Extraordinary effects

Water

Contain no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood. Electric operation of the device will be influenced negative.

Mechanical destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

2.15 Re-use phase

The product is possible to re-use during the reference service life and be moved to one door to another. Waste codes according to European Waste Catalogue /EWC/ and Hazardous Waste List -Valid from 1 January 2002;

/EWC/ 16 02 13* discarded equipment containing hazardous components other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 12 /EWC/ 17 02 03 plastic

/EWC/ 17 04 01 copper, bronze, brass

/EWC/ 17 04 05 iron and steel

/EWC/ 17 04 11 Cables with the exception of those outlined in 17 04 10

Disposal of the product is subject to the /WEEE/ Directive within Europe, Directive 2012/19/EU

2.16 Disposal

The majority, of components is steel, electro mechanics and electronic which can be recycled. The device can be mechanically dissembled to separate the different materials. 100% of the materials used are recyclable. The plastic components can be used for energy recovery in an incineration plant.

2.17 Further information

More information on TESA ASSA ABLOY SMARTair Updater/Controller is available from:

TESA ASSA ABLOY B^o Ventas, 35 20305 Irun, Gipuzkoa SPAIN Tel: +34 943669100 Internet: www.tesa.es



3. LCA: Calculation rules

3.1 Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece of SMARTair Updater/Controller as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD for Electronic Access Control Systems /IBU PCR Part B/.

Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit		piece of SMARTair Updater/Controller
Mass of product (without packaging)	3.955	kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.253	-

3.2 System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with options The following life cycle phases were considered for Reader:

A1-A3 Production stage:

- A1 Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 Manufacturing

Construction stage:

• A5 – Packaging waste processing

Use stage related to the operation of the building includes:

B6 – Operational energy use (Energy consumption for lock operation)

End-of-life stage:

- C2 Transport to waste processing,
- C3 Waste processing for recycling and
- C4 Disposal (landfill)

These information modules include provision and transport of all materials, products, as well as energy and water provisions, waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues. Module D:

 Declaration of all benefits or recycling potential from EoL and A5

3.3 Estimates and assumptions

Use phase:

For the use phase, it is assumed that the lock is used in the European Union, thus an European electricity grid mix is considered within this stage.

EoL:

In the End-of-Life phase, for all the materials which can be recycled, a recycling scenario with 100% collection rate was assumed.

3.4 Cut-off criteria

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), thermal energy consumption and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1% of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1% in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts.

Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment.

3.5 Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by PE INTERNATIONAL AG, is used /GaBi 6 2013/. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online

GaBi-documentation /GaBi 6 2013D/.

To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

3.6 Data quality

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the /IBU PCR Part A/.

PE INTERNATIONAL performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used.

The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs.

All relevant background datasets are taken from the GaBi 6 software database. The last revision of the used background data has taken place not longer than 10 years ago.

3.7 Period under review

The period under review is 2012/13 (12 month average).

3.8 Allocation

Regarding incineration, the software model for the waste incineration plant (WIP) is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the combusted material. Following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered:

- Waste incineration of plastic
- Waste incineration of paper
- Waste incineration of electronic scraps (PWB)



Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status. Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the GaBi dataset documentation.

3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared

4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit								
Truck transport										
Litres of fuel diesel with maximum load (27 t payload)	39.4	l/100 km								
Transport distance truck	2000	km								
Capacity utilization (incl. empty runs) of truck	85	%								
Ship transpo	ort									
Volume of heavy fuel oil with maximum load (27500 DWT)	5.3	m³/100 km								
Transport distance ship	5000	km								
Gross density of products transported	-									
Capacity utilization volume factor	-									

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site Packaging (paper)	0.006	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site Packaging (plastic)	0.090	kg

Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life	15	а

Operational energy use (B6)

Name	Value	Unit
Days per year in use	365	d
Hours per day in different modes	24	h
Power consumption on mode	66	W
Electricity consumption	8672.4	kWh

End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Brass, plastic parts, steel, electronic, electro mechanics	3.955	kg
Recycling Brass	0.002	kg
Reuse plastic parts	0.098	kg
Recycling steel	2.362	kg
Recycling metals from electronic	1.493	kg

were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit									
Collected separately waste Card reader (including packaging)	4.051	kg									
Recycling Brass	0.05	%									
Reuse plastic parts	2.43	%									
Recycling steel	58.3	%									
Recycling/Reuse Electronic	36.85	%									
Reuse Paper packaging	0.15	%									
Reuse Plastic packaging	2.22	%									



5. LCA: Results

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2000 - Apr. 2013 Methodology

DESC	RIP ⁻		FTHE	SYST	EM B	OUN	IDA	RY ()	(= IN	CLI	JDED	IN	LCA	: MN	D =	MO	DULE	NOT	DECLA	RED)
		STAGE	CONST ON PRO	ONSTRUCTI IN PROCESS USE STAGE STAGE										END OF LIFE STAGE				BENE L(BEY(SY	FITS AND DADS DND THE 'STEM NDARYS	
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance		Repair		Replacement ¹⁾ Refurbishment ¹⁾ Operational energy		Operational water		use De-construction	demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-	Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	2	B3	B4	В	5 E	36	B7	7 (C1	C2	C	3 C	4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MN	DI	MND	MND	M٢	١D	Х	MN	DM	ND	Х	X	Х		Х
RESU	LTS	OF TH	IE LCA	۰ EN	VIRON	MEN	NTA	AL IMI	РАСТ	: 0	ne pie	ece	of S	MAR	Tai	r Up	dater/	Contr	oller	
Paramet	er		Parar	neter				Unit	A1 -	A3		A4		A5		B6	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP		Glo	bal warm	ing poter	ntial		[kg (CO2-Eq.] 5.02E	+01	9.6	3E-02	2	8.64E-0	34.12	2E+03	9.63E-02	2 1.60E-0	1 1.22E+0	0-7.58E+00
ODP	[Depletion potential of the stratospheric					[kg C	FC11-E	q.] 9.92H	-09	4.6	1E-13	3	3.95E-1	42.8	2E-06	4.61E-1	3 1.09E-1	0 3.12E-12	2-3.61E-10
AP	A	ozone layer Acidification potential of land and water						SO2-Eq.	2.63	-01	4.4	1E-04	ŀ	1.97E-0	61.94	IE+01	4.41E-04	4 7.54E-0	4 4.35E-04	-5.03E-02
EP								O4)3 E	q.]2.43l				3.44E-0	071.09	9E+00	1.01E-04	4.25E-0	5 7.32E-05	5-2.82E-03	
POCP	F	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone						[kg Ethen Eq.] 2.		E-02 -1.42E-04		1.40E-0	.40E-071.15E+00		1.42E-0	44.48E-0	5 2.87E-05	-3.97E-03		
ADPE	A	photochemical oxidants Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil					[ka	Sb Eq.] 5.48E-03		-03	3.63E-09		1.56E-1	05.7)E-04	3.63E-09) 2.21E-(8 2.23E-07	7-1.61E-03	
ADPF		Abiotic c	resou lepletion	ootential	for fossil			[MJ]		6.11E+02 1.33E+00			2.42E-034.68E+04					-		
	1 79				SOLID	CE I		• •	piece of SMARTair Up					1						
Paramet				meter				Unit	A1 - A		A4			A5 B6			C2	Сз	C4	D
PERE	ſ	Renewab		y energ	y as ene	rgy		[MJ]	4.48E+	48E+01 -		-	-			-	-	-	-	-
PERM	R	enewable		energy		es as		[MJ]	0.00E+	00	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
PERT	Т	otal use		able prir urces	nary ene	ergy		[MJ]	4.48E+	01	5.24	E-02	2	2.26E-0	41.34	E+04	5.24E-02	2 5.20E-0	1 8.30E-02	2-6.16E+00
PENRE	No	on renewa		ary ene rrier	rgy as er	nergy		[MJ]	6.81E+	02		-		-		-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	/1	n renewa	utiliz	zation				[MJ]	0.00E+	00		-		-		-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	r Tot	al use of		ewable p urces	orimary e	nergy	/	[MJ]	6.81E+	02	1.33	E+00	2	2.84E-0	37.33	8E+04	I.33E+0	02.84E+0	008.64E-01	-7.85E+01
SM		Use	of secor	ndary ma	aterial			[kg]	7.68E-	01	0.00	E+00			-					0.00E+00
RSF			enewabl					[MJ]	0.00E+			E+00								0.00E+00
NRSF FW	ι	Jse of no	n renewa se of net			uels		[MJ] [m ³]	0.00E+ 2.41E-			E+00 E-05								0.00E+00 3-3.08E-02
RESU		OF TH of SM	IE LCA	\	TPUT		w	S ANE							50.51		5.70L-00	1.202-0	5 4.252-00	9-3.08E-02
Parame	eter		Para	meter		U	Init	nit A1 - A3 A4			45	В	6	C2	2	СЗ	C4	D		
HWD)	Haza	ardous w	aste dis	posed	[ŀ	kg] :	3.26E-02	2 3	.04E	-06	1.95	5E-07	1.02E	+01	3.04E	-06 3.9	94E-04	1.17E-04	2.10E-04
NHWI	D	Non ha	azardous	waste o	lisposed	[kg] ´	1.52E+0) 1	.68E	-04	2.17	7E-04	2.37E	+01	1.68E	-04 9.	19E-04	3.63E-01	-3.95E-01
RWD)	Radi	oactive w	aste dis	posed	[ŀ	kg] 2.76E-02 1.75E-06 1.66E-07 1				1.06E	+01	1.75E	-06 4.	10E-04	4.71E-05	-1.03E-03			



6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D).

The production phase (modules A1-A3) contributes between 0.4% and 2% to the overall results for all the environmental impact assessment categories hereby considered, except for the abiotic depletion potential (ADPE), for which the contribution from the production phase accounts for app. 91% - this impact category describes the reduction of the global amount of nonrenewable raw materials, therefore, as expected, it is mainly related with the extraction of raw materials (A1). Within the production phase, the main contribution for all the impact categories is the production of steel mainly due to the energy consumption on this process. Steel and electro mechanics accounts with app. 92% to the overall mass of the product, therefore, the impacts are in line with the mass composition of the product. The environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

To reflect the use phase (module B6), the energy consumption was included and it has a major contribution for all the impact assessment categories considered - between 98% and 100%, with the exception of ADPE (2%). This is a result of long operational hours in on mode per day and per 365 days in a year.

In the end-of-life phase, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable in this EPD.

8. References

Institut Bauen und Umwelt

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Generation of Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs);

General principles

for the EPD range of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), 2013-04 www.bau-umwelt.de

PCR Part A

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report. April 2013 www.bau-umwelt.de

IBU PCR Part B

IBU PCR Part B: PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-Related Products and Services. From the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institute Construction and Environment e.V. (IBU). Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Electronic Access Control Systems. www.bau-umwelt.com

ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

EN 15804

EN 15804:2012+A1:2014: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product

Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

ISO 9001:1994

Quality systems – Model for quality assurance in design, development, production, installation and servicing

ISO 14001:1999

Environmental Management System Certificate

EWC

European Waste Catalog

WEEE

Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)

GaBi 6 2013

GaBi 6 2013: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, PE INTERNATIONAL AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013.

GaBi 6 2013D

GaBi 6 2013D: Documentation of GaBi 6: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, PE INTERNATIONAL AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2013. http://documentation.gabi-software.com/



9. Annex

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI Methodology.

DESC	RIP	TION O	F THE	SYST	ЕМ ВО	DUND	AR	((X	= IN	CLUD)ED	IN L	_CA;	MNC) = M	ODI	JLE N	ΤΟΙ	DECL	ARED)
PROD	UCT	STAGE	CONST ON PRO STA	OCESS				USE	E STAC	GE	_				END C	DF LI	FE ST/	AGE	BEN S	EFITS AND LOADS YOND THE SYSTEM JNDARYS
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	-	Replacement ¹⁾	Refurbishment ¹⁾	Operational energy	esu est	Operational water	De-construction	demolition	Iransport	Waste processing	Dienocal	Reuse-	Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B	3	B4	B5	E	36	B7	C	ı (22	C3	С	4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MN	DN	MND	MND		Х	MNE) MN	D	Х	Х	>	(Х
RESU	LTS	OF TH	E LCA	- EN	VIRON	MEN	AL	IMP	ACT	: One	pie	ece o	of SI	IART	air U	pda	ter/C	ontr	oller	
Parame	Parameter		Parameter			Unit		A1-3		A4		A5		B6	c	2	C3	;	C4	D
GWP		Globa	al warmir	ng potent	ial	[kg C Eq.	0 ₂ - 1	5.02E	E+01	9.63E-0	D2 8	3.64E-	03 4.	12E+03	9.63	9.63E-02 1.60E-01		-01 1	.22E+00	-7.58E+00
ODP		Depletion po	otential o ozone l		tospheric	[kg CFC Eq.	1- 	1.07	E-08	4.91E-′	13 4	1.20E-	14 3.	00E-06	4.91	4.91E-13 1.1		1.16E-10 3.32		-4.25E-10
AP	A	cidification	potential	of land a	and water	[kg S Eq.		2.70	E-01	5.76E-0	04 2	2.39E-	06 1.8	34E+01	5.76	E-04	7.14E	-04 5	.35E-04	-4.82E-02
EP		Eutrophicat					I-eq.] 1.70E-0		E-02	4.07E-0	.07E-05 1.38E-		07 7.	83E-01	3E-01 4.07E-05		3.04E-05 3.3		.34E-05	-1.46E-03
Smog					[kg O ₃ -							1.66E+02 1.19E-02				.18E-02	-5.04E-01			
Resourc	ces Resources – resources fossil [MJ] 5.27E+01 1.91E-01 2.84E-04 3.33E+03 1.91E-01 1.29E-01 7.38E-02 -2.69E+0												-2.69E+00							
RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: One piece of SMARTair Updater/Controller																				
Paramete	er			meter			Uni	t	A1 - A	.3	A	4		A5	B6		C2	C3	C4	D
PERE		Renewabl		y energy rrier	y as enei	rgy	[MJ	4	4.48E+	01		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
PERM	R	enewable. I	primary material			s as	[MJ	(0.00E+	00		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
PERT		Total use o		able prir urces	nary ene	rgy	[MJ	4	4.48E+	·01	5.24	E-02	2.	26E-04	1.34E+()45.2	4E-02 5	5.20E-0	01 8.30E-	02-6.16E+00
PENRE	N	on renewa		ary ener rrier	rgy as er	ergy	[MJ	(6.81E+	02		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
PENRM	1 ^{No}	on renewal		ary energet	gy as ma	aterial	[MJ	(0.00E+	00		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
PENRT	. To	tal use of i	non rene		orimary e	nergy	[MJ	(6.81E+	02	1.33	E+00	2.	84E-03	7.33E+()41.3	3E+002	.84E+	00 8.64E-	01 -7.85E+01
SM		Use	of secor		aterial		[kg]		7.68E-	01	0.00	E+00	0.0	00E+00	0.00E+0	0.00	0E+000	.00E+	000.00E+	00 0.00E+00
RSF		Use of re	enewabl	e secon	dary fuel	s	[MJ	(0.00E+	00	0.00	E+00								00 0.00E+00
NRSF		Use of nor				iels	[MJ		0.00E+			E+00								00 0.00E+00
FW			se of net				[m ³	<u> </u>	2.41E-			E-05			3.31E+(513.7	0E-05	.28E-(13 4.25E-1	03 -3.08E-02
RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES: One piece of SMARTair Updater/Controller																				
Parame	ter		Para	meter		Uni	A1	- A3		A4		A	5	B 6		C2	C	:3	C4	D
HWD		Hazardous waste disposed				[kg]	-			3.04E-06				1.02E+01 3.04E-					1.17E-04	
NHWD		Non hazardous waste disposed				[kg]	1			.68E-04								E-04	3.63E-01	
RWD		Radioactive waste disposed				[kg]				.75E-06			E-07 1.06E+01					E-04	4.71E-05	
CRU			mponen			[kg]	-	E+00	_	.00E+00		0.00		0.00E+	-	0E+0	-	E+00	0.00E+00	
MFR			aterials f	,	0	[kg]		E+00		.00E+00		6.10		0.00E+		0E+0	-	E+00	0.00E+00	
MER			als for e	0,		[kg]		E+00	-	.00E+00		0.00E		0.00E+			-	E+00	0.00E+00	
EEE EET		· ·	orted ele		0,	[MJ]	0.00	E+00		.00E+00		1.09 3.08		0.00E+ 0.00E+		0E+0 0E+0		E+00	9.00E-01 2.47E+00	
CEI		∈xp		sindi en	ergy	[IVJ]	0.00	∟+00	0	+	'	0.00	L-02	0.00E+	0.0	v∟+U	0.00		∠.+/ E+U	'

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